# SAFETY DATA SHEET



# Marlex® 1023 Polyethylene

Version 3.4

Revision Date 2019-10-04

CTION 1: Identification o	of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
Product information	
Product Name Material	<ul> <li>Marlex® 1023 Polyethylene</li> <li>1042103, 1039201, 1042102, 1042104, 1042105, 1042106, 1040041, 1040044, 1044114, 1044113, 1044115, 1044112</li> </ul>
Company	: Chevron Phillips Chemical Company LP 10001 Six Pines Drive The Woodlands, TX 77380
Emergency telephone:	
Asia: CHEMWATCH EUROPE: BIG +32.14 Mexico CHEMTREC	rnational) 4.9300 or 703.527.3887(int'l) (+612 9186 1132) China: 0532 8388 9090 4.584545 (phone) or +32.14583516 (telefax) 01-800-681-9531 (24 hours) Cotec Inside Brazil: 0800.111.767 Outside Brazil: +55.19.3467.1600
Responsible Department E-mail address Website	t : Product Safety and Toxicology Group : SDS@CPChem.com : www.CPChem.com
	N CAUTION: Do not use this material in medical applications involving in the human body or permanent contact with internal body fluids or tissues
human body or contact v	in medical applications involving brief or temporary implantation in the with internal body fluids or tissues unless the material has been provided nillips Chemical Company LP or its legal affiliates under an agreement which s the contemplated use.
express warranty or impl	cal Company LP and its legal affiliates makes no representation, promise, lied warranty concerning the suitability of this material for use in implantation contact with internal body fluids or tissues.
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## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Classification	: Combustible dust
Labeling	
Signal Word	: Warning
Hazard Statements	: May form combustible dust concentrations in air. While this product may not be a combustible dust as sold, further processing or handling may form combustible dust concentration in air.
Potential Health Effects	
Physical Hazards	: Pellets may cause a slip hazard on hard surfaces. Mechanical processing may form combustible dust concentrations in air and thermal processing at elevated temperatures may generate formaldehyde.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Repeated exposure to dust from this material may cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>Fumes generated during thermal processing may cause irritation of the upper respiratory tract.</li> </ul>
Skin	<ul> <li>Contact with the skin is not expected to cause prolonged or significant irritation.</li> <li>Contact with the skin is not expected to cause an allergic response.</li> <li>If this material is heated, thermal burns may result from contact Thermal burns may include pain or feeling of heat, discolorations, swelling, and blistering.</li> </ul>
Eyes	<ul> <li>Contact with the eyes may cause irritation due to the abrasive action.</li> <li>Not expected to cause prolonged or significant eye irritation.</li> <li>Thermal burns may result if heated material contacts eye.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	: Ingestion of this product is not a likely route of exposure.
Carcinogenicity:	
IARC	No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.
NTP	No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.
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## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Component	CAS-No.	Weight %
Polyethylene	9002-88-4	95 - 100

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

If inhaled	:	Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of dust or fumes from overheating or combustion. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
In case of skin contact	:	If the molten material gets on skin, quickly cool in water. Seek immediate medical attention. Do not try to peel the solidified material from the skin or use solvents or thinners to dissolve it.
In case of eye contact	:	In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
If swallowed	:	Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Flash point	:	No data available
Autoignition temperature	:	No data available
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Water. Water mist. Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Foam. If possible, water should be applied as a spray from a fogging nozzle since this is a surface burning material. The application of high velocity water will spread the burning surface layer. Avoid the use of straight streams that may create a dust cloud and the risk of a dust explosion. Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.
Specific hazards during fire fighting	:	Risks of ignition followed by flame propagation or secondary explosions can be caused by the accumulation of dust, e.g. on floors and ledges.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Use personal protective equipment. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.
Further information	:	This material will burn although it is not easily ignited.
Fire and explosion protection	:	Treat as a solid that can burn. Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Normal combustion forms carbon dioxide, water vapor and may produce carbon monoxide, other hydrocarbons and hydrocarbon oxidation products (ketones, aldehydes, organic
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acids) depending on temperature and air availability. Incomplete combustion can also produce formaldehyde.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

Personal precautions	:	Sweep up to prevent slipping hazard. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid dust formation.
Environmental precautions	:	Do not contaminate surface water. Prevent product from entering drains.
Methods for cleaning up	:	Clean up promptly by sweeping or vacuum.
Additional advice	:	Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces, as these may form an explosive mixture if they are released into the atmosphere in sufficient concentration. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### Handling

	Advice on safe handling	:	Use good housekeeping for safe handling of the product. Keep out of water sources and sewers.
			Spilled pellets and powders may create a slipping hazard.
			Electrostatic charge may accumulate and create a hazardous condition when handling this material. To minimize this hazard, bonding and grounding may be necessary, but may not by themselves be sufficient. At elevated temperatures (>350°F, >177°C), polyethylene can release vapors and gases, which are irritating to the mucous membranes of the eyes, mouth, throat, and lungs. These substances may include acetaldehyde, acetone, acetic acid, formic acid, formaldehyde and acrolein. Based on animal data and limited epidemiological evidence, formaldehyde has been listed as a carcinogen. Following all recommendations within this SDS should minimize exposure to thermal processing emissions.
	Advice on protection against fire and explosion	:	Treat as a solid that can burn. Avoid generating dust; fine dust dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations, and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.
	Storage		
	Requirements for storage areas and containers	:	Keep in a dry place. Keep in a well-ventilated place.
	Advice on common storage	:	Do not store together with oxidizing and self-igniting products.
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#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### Ingredients with workplace control parameters

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Components	Basis	Value	Control parameters	Note
Nuisance Dust	OSHA Z-3	TWA	15 mg/m3	Total dust
	OSHA Z-3	TWA	5 mg/m3	(respirable dust)

Control as Particulate Not Otherwise Classified (PNOC). The ACGIH Guideline\* for respirable dust is 3.0 mg/m3 and 10.0 mg/m3 for total dust. The OSHA PEL for respirable dust is 5.0 mg/m3 and 15.0 mg/m3 for total dust. \* This value is for inhalable (total) particulate matter containing no asbestos and < 1.0% crystalline silica.

#### **Engineering measures**

Consider the potential hazards of this material (see Section 2), applicable exposure limits, job activities, and other substances in the work place when designing engineering controls and selecting personal protective equipment. If engineering controls or work practices are not adequate to prevent exposure to harmful levels of this material, the personal protective equipment listed below is recommended. The user should read and understand all instructions and limitations supplied with the equipment since protection is usually provided for a limited time or under certain circumstances.

#### Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection		No respiratory protection is normally required. If heated
		material generates vapor or fumes that are not adequately controlled by ventilation, wear an appropriate respirator. Use the following elements for air-purifying respirators: Organic Vapor and Formaldehyde. Use a positive pressure, air- supplying respirator if there is potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection. Dust safety masks are recommended when the dust concentration is excessive.
Eye protection	:	Use of safety glasses with side shields for solid handling is good industrial practice. If this material is heated, wear chemical goggles or safety glasses with side shields or a face shield. If there is potential for dust, use chemical goggles.
Skin and body protection	:	At ambient temperatures use of clean and protective clothing is good industrial practice. If the material is heated or molten, wear thermally insulated, heat-resistant gloves that are able to withstand the temperature of the molten product. If this material is heated, wear insulated clothing to prevent skin contact if engineering controls or work practices are not adequate.
SECTION 9: Physical and chei	mica	I properties

Appearance	
Form Physical state Color Odor Odor Threshold	<ul> <li>Pellets</li> <li>Solid</li> <li>Opaque</li> <li>Mild to no odor</li> <li>No data available</li> </ul>
Safety data	

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Flash point	: No data available
Lower explosion limit	: Not applicable
Upper explosion limit	: Not applicable
Autoignition temperature	: No data available
Thermal decomposition	: Low molecular weight hydrocarbons, alcohols, aldehydes, acids and ketones can be formed during thermal processing.
рН	: Not applicable
Melting point/range	: 90 - 140 °C (194 - 284 °F)
Freezing point	Not applicable
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Not applicable
Vapor pressure	: Not applicable
Relative density	: Not applicable
Density	: 0.91 - 0.97 g/cm3
Water solubility	: Negligible
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: No data available
Solubility in other solvents	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: Not applicable
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable
Relative vapor density	: Not applicable
Evaporation rate	: Not applicable
SECTION 10: Stability and reactiv	ity

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Reactivity	: This material is considered non-reactive under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.
Chemical stability	: This material is considered stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.
Possibility of hazardous re	actions
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Conditions to avoid	: Avoid prolonged storage at elevated temperature.			
Materials to avoid	: Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.			
Thermal decomposition	: Low molecular weight hydrocarbons, alcohols, aldehydes, acids and ketones can be formed during thermal processing.			
Hazardous decomposition products	: Normal combustion forms carbon dioxide, water vapor and may produce carbon monoxide, other hydrocarbons and hydrocarbon oxidation products (ketones, aldehydes, organic acids) depending on temperature and air availability. Incomplete combustion can also produce formaldehyde.			
Other data	: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.			
SECTION 11: Toxicological inform	nation			
Marlex® 1023 Polyethylene Acute oral toxicity	: Presumed Not Toxic			
Marlex® 1023 Polyethylene Acute inhalation toxicity	: Presumed Not Toxic			
Marlex® 1023 Polyethylene Acute dermal toxicity	: Presumed Not Toxic			
Marlex® 1023 Polyethylene Skin irritation	: No skin irritation			
Marlex® 1023 Polyethylene Eye irritation	: No eye irritation			
Marlex® 1023 Polyethylene Sensitization	: Did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals.			
Marlex® 1023 Polyethylene Further information	: This product contains POLYMERIZED OLEFINS. During thermal processing (>350°F, >177°C) polyolefins can release vapors and gases (aldehydes,ketones and organic acids) which are irritating to the mucous membranes of the eyes, mouth, throat, and lungs. Generally these irritant effects are all transitory. However, prolonged exposure to irritating off-gases can lead to pulmonary edema. Formaldehyde (an aldehyde) has been classified as a carcinogen based on animal data and limited epidemiological evidence.			
SECTION 12: Ecological informat	tion			
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#### **Ecotoxicity effects**

Biodegradability	:	This material is not expected to be readily biodegradable.
Elimination information (persis	ter	ce and degradability)
Bioaccumulation	:	Does not bioaccumulate.
Mobility Additional ecological information		The product is insoluble and floats on water. This material is not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms., Fish or birds may eat pellets which may obstruct their digestive tracts.

#### Ecotoxicology Assessment

#### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this SDS pertains only to the product as shipped.

Use material for its intended purpose or recycle if possible. This material, if it must be discarded, may meet the criteria of a hazardous waste as defined by US EPA under RCRA (40 CFR 261) or other State and local regulations. Measurement of certain physical properties and analysis for regulated components may be necessary to make a correct determination. If this material is classified as a hazardous waste, federal law requires disposal at a licensed hazardous waste disposal facility.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

The shipping descriptions shown here are for bulk shipments only, and may not apply to shipments in non-bulk packages (see regulatory definition).

Consult the appropriate domestic or international mode-specific and quantity-specific Dangerous Goods Regulations for additional shipping description requirements (e.g., technical name or names, etc.) Therefore, the information shown here, may not always agree with the bill of lading shipping description for the material. Flashpoints for the material may vary slightly between the SDS and the bill of lading.

US DOT (UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION) NOT REGULATED AS A HAZARDOUS MATERIAL OR DANGEROUS GOODS FOR TRANSPORTATION BY THIS AGENCY.

#### IMO / IMDG (INTERNATIONAL MARITIME DANGEROUS GOODS) NOT REGULATED AS A HAZARDOUS MATERIAL OR DANGEROUS GOODS FOR TRANSPORTATION BY THIS AGENCY.

### IATA (INTERNATIONAL AIR TRANSPORT ASSOCIATION) NOT REGULATED AS A HAZARDOUS MATERIAL OR DANGEROUS GOODS FOR TRANSPORTATION BY THIS AGENCY.

### ADR (AGREEMENT ON DANGEROUS GOODS BY ROAD (EUROPE))

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DANGEROUS GOODS (EUR					
NOT REGULATED AS A HAZARDOUS MATERIAL OR DANGEROUS GOODS FOR TRANSPORTATION BY THIS AGENCY.					
ADN (EUROPEAN AGREEMENT CONCERNING THE INTERNATIONAL CARRIAGE OF DANGEROUS GOODS BY INLAND WATERWAYS)					
NOT REGULATED AS A HAZARDOUS MATERIAL ÓR DANGEROUS GOODS FOR TRANSPORTATION BY THIS AGENCY.					
Fransport in bulk according to A	Fransport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code				
SECTION 15: Regulatory inform	ation				
National legislation					
SARA 311/312 Hazards	: Combustible dust				
EPCRA - EMERGENCY PLANNING COMMUNITY RIGHT - TO – KNOW					
SARA 302 Threshold Planning Quantity	: No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.				
SARA 313 Components	: This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.				
Clean Air Act					
Potential Class I	roduct neither contains, nor was manufactured with a Class I or I ODS as defined by the U.S. Clean Air Act Section 602 (40 CFR bpt. A, App.A + B).				
California Prop. 65 Components	: This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth, or any other reproductive defects.				

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Notification status		
Europe REACH	:	This mixture contains only ingredients which have been registered according to Regulation (EU) No. 1907/2006 (REACH).
Switzerland CH INV	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
United States of America (USA) TSCA	:	On or in compliance with the active portion of the TSCA inventory
Canada DSL	:	All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL
Australia AICS	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
New Zealand NZIoC	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
Japan ENCS	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
Korea KECI	:	A substance(s) in this product was not registered, notified to be registered, or exempted from registration by CPChem according to K-REACH regulations. Importation or manufacture of this product is still permitted provided the Korean Importer of Record has themselves notified the substance.
Philippines PICCS China IECSC	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory
Taiwan TCSI	:	On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

NFPA Classification : Health Hazard: 0 Fire Hazard: 1 Reactivity Hazard: 0

#### Further information

Significant changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.

The information in this SDS pertains only to the product as shipped.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

ACGIH	American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists	LD50	Lethal Dose 50%
AICS	Australia, Inventory of Chemical Substances	LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
DSL	Canada, Domestic Substances List	NFPA	National Fire Protection Agency
NDSL	Canada, Non-Domestic	NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational

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	Substances List		Safety & Health
CNS	Central Nervous System	NTP	National Toxicology Program
CAS	Chemical Abstract Service	NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of
			Chemicals
EC50	Effective Concentration	NOAEL	No Observable Adverse Effect
			Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50%	NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration
EGEST	EOSCA Generic Exposure	OSHA	Occupational Safety & Health
	Scenario Tool		Administration
EOSCA	European Oilfield Specialty	PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
	Chemicals Association		
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing	PICCS	Philippines Inventory of
	Chemical Substances		Commercial Chemical Substances
MAK	Germany Maximum Concentration	PRNT	Presumed Not Toxic
	Values		
GHS	Globally Harmonized System	RCRA	Resource Conservation Recovery
			Act
>=	Greater Than or Equal To	STEL	Short-term Exposure Limit
IC50	Inhibition Concentration 50%	SARA	Superfund Amendments and
			Reauthorization Act.
IARC	International Agency for Research	TLV	Threshold Limit Value
	on Cancer		
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical	TWA	Time Weighted Average
	Substances in China		
ENCS	Japan, Inventory of Existing and	TSCA	Toxic Substance Control Act
	New Chemical Substances		
KECI	Korea, Existing Chemical	UVCB	Unknown or Variable Composition,
	Inventory		Complex Reaction Products, and
			Biological Materials
<=	Less Than or Equal To	WHMIS	Workplace Hazardous Materials
			Information System
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%		